CHAPTER 1

WiFi Access

Campus WiFi is quite slow with so many people using it. So, we have set up a local hotspot. If you want faster Internet, scan this QR Code to connect to the hotspot network in this classroom.

Genesis PW: Adam&Eve



Class Registration

Register for this class (if you haven't already) so that I can communicate with you by Email important information from time to time.



Class Website (http only!)

We have set up a website for this class that has calls materials, as well as excellent supplementary materials. If you want to learn even more, please visit the site. Click the Genesis Menu item.

http://sound-doctrine.us



Zoom Link

We realize some of you can't make it every week (but please try!). We have arranged for a Zoom meeting for each class. Click the QR code here; or take a picture of it to send it to friends who may want to follow the class remotely.

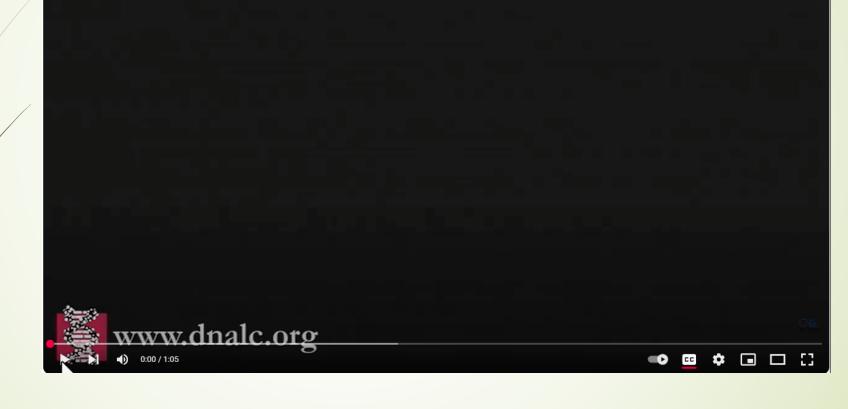


Anonymous Questions?

Sometimes people are hesitant to ask questions in class. We have the solution. Anonymously ask any question by texting "Answers" to 877-324-4480 to register; and then text your question. Or scan this QR code, which also appears on the website.



DNA Replication



0

"In one sense, this first verse is the most important in the bible" - Jonathan D. Sarfati In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth! Genesis 1:1

In the beginning God created the heavens and the earth.



- If we can believe this verse, no other verse in the bible should be a problem
 - If God created everything, then why should anything else recorded in the bible be hard to believe?
 - The verb 'bara'' is only used of God's creative works, not man's
 - A God, who is a plurality, singularly created

Verse 1 refutes all these false beliefs

- Atheism- belief there is no God
- Agnosticism- it is impossible to know God exists
- Dualism- Good and evil are eternally co-existent
- Finite-god- a god who is bound by the universe
- Evolutionism- we evolved spontaneously from lower forms
- Humanism- man is the measure of all things
- Materialism/Naturalism- what we can see is all there is
- Pantheism- 'god is in everything'
- Panentheism- 'everything is what makes up God'
- Polytheism- there is more than one god, many in fact
- Unitarianism- God is an absolute Unity

How does it do that?

- Atheism- God exists and was present at the beginning
- Agnosticism- God has revealed himself in scripture
- Dualism- God was alone when He created, evil came later
- Finite-god- God created everything, so is limited by nothing
- Evolutionism- God created man and woman, and all life
- Humanism- God created us, so HE is the measure of all things
- Materialism/Naturalism- God is master of his creation
- Pantheism- God is distinct (separate) from His creation
- Panentheism- God transcends what he has created
- Polytheism- Only one God created all things
- Unitarianism- Elohiym (a diverse God) singularly created

Creation of Time

Genesis 1:1 is the beginning of time itself

- Time was also created in verse 1
- John 1:3, All things were made through him, and without him was not any thing made that was made.
- Time is intimately connected to matter, energy, and space, as defined by Einstein's Theory of General Relativity
- Time runs faster the farther a point is from the center of gravity
- So, when we say God is infinite, what we really mean God is beyond time, or outside of time. Time is part of the creation.

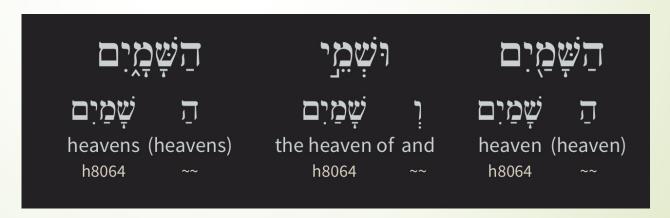
God stretched out the heavens

- How far away is the "known" universe?
 - What does science say?
 - The universe is not 17 billion years old! (Time dilation)
- Consider these verses:
 - Job 9:5, 9:8, 22:14, "God is the one ... who alone <u>stretches out the</u> <u>heavens</u> ... and <u>he walks on the vault of heaven."</u>
 - Vault, a circle, or a horizon, or a ceiling
 - Isa 40:22, It is he who sits above the circle of the earth, and its inhabitants are like grasshoppers, who <u>stretches out the heavens like</u> <u>a curtain, and spreads them like a tent to dwell in;</u>
 - Isa 42:5, Thus says God, the Lord, who created the heavens and stretched them out, who spread out the earth and what comes from it, who gives breath to the people on it and spirit to those who walk in it:

Question: Was heaven created in 1:1?

"the heavens (hashamayim) and the earth (ha'erets)"

- Hashamayim is a plural word meaning "the heavens"
- Shamayim is used for "heaven" without "ha", God's domain
 - The root prefix "sha" is understood to mean "lofty"
- Deu 10:14, Behold, to the Lord your God belong <u>heaven and</u> the heaven of heavens, the earth with all that is in it.



Paul's "Third heaven"

- 1st Heaven (Hebrew: hashamayim)
 - Gen 1:30, " And to every beast of the earth and to every bird of the heavens"

2nd Heaven (Hebrew: hashamayim)

- Gen 1:14, "Let there be lights in the expanse of the heavens to separate the day from the night. And let them be for signs and for seasons, and for days and years,"
- 3rd Heaven (Greek: ouranos)
 - 2 Cor 12:2-4, I know a man in Christ who fourteen years ago was <u>caught up to the third heaven</u>—whether in the body or out of the body I do not know, God knows. 3 And I know that t<u>his</u> <u>man was caught up into paradise</u>—whether in the body or out of the body I do not know, God knows— 4 and he heard things that cannot be told, which man may not utter.

The Heavenly Realms

 "But will God indeed dwell on the earth? Behold, heaven and the highest heaven cannot contain you; how much less this house that I have built! -1 Kings 8:27



And we know Jesus is Creator

- John 1:1-3, In the beginning was the Word, and the Word was with God, and the Word was God. 2 He was in the beginning with God. <u>All things were made through him, and</u> without him was not any thing made that was made.
- Colossians 1:15-17, He is the image of the invisible God, the firstborn of all creation. 16 For by him all things were created, in heaven and on earth, visible and invisible, whether thrones or dominions or rulers or authorities—all things were created through him and for him. 17 And he is before all things, and in him all things hold together.
- Hebrews 1:1-2, Long ago, at many times and in many ways, God spoke to our fathers by the prophets, 2 but in these last days he has spoken to us by his Son, whom he appointed the heir of all things, through whom also he created the world.

Verse 2

- Gen 1:2, The earth was <u>without form and void</u>, and <u>darkness</u> was over the <u>face</u> of the <u>deep</u>. And the <u>Spirit</u> of <u>God</u> was <u>hovering</u> over the face of the <u>waters</u>.
 - formless = (tohu) without a finished shape, unorganized
 - void = (bohu) empty, containing nothing, not filled
 - darkness = Without any light whatsoever
 - face = the surface
 - deep = (tehom) an abyss, a deep place, implying water
 - Spirit = (ruach), the breath, wind, or spirit
 - God = (Elohiym) God in the plural
 - hovering = moving, vibrating, fluttering, oscillating
 - waters = (mayim) QUESTION: does this word sound familiar?

Verse 2, continued

- Gen 1:2, The earth was without form and void, and darkness was over the face of the <u>deep</u>. And the Spirit of God was hovering over the face of the waters.
 - The Semitic root for abyss, "tehom", means ocean or sea, and the same word is also used in the following verses:
 - Gen 7:11, "... on that day all the <u>fountains of the great deep</u> burst forth ..."
 - Gen 8:2, "The fountains of the deep and the windows of the heavens were closed, the rain from the heavens was restrained"
 - Proverbs 8:28-29, "when he made firm the skies above, when he established the fountains of the deep"
 - Peter 3:5, "... the heavens existed long ago, and the earth was formed out of water and through water by the word of God,"
 - The primordial earth seems to have been a water world

Verse 3

- Gen 1:3, And God said, "Let there be light," and there was light.
- God simply spoke light into existence
- Before this there was only darkness over the face of the deep
- QUESTION: What do we know about light?
- QUESTION: Where did this light come from?
 - 1 Tim 6:16, the King of kings and Lord of lords, 16 who alone has immortality, who <u>dwells in unapproachable light</u>
- QUESTION: How are light and darkness used metaphorically?
 - I John 1:5, This is the message we have heard from him and proclaim to you, that God is light, and in him is no darkness at all.
 - John 1:4, In him was life, and the life was the light of men.

Verse 4

- Gen 1:4, And God saw that the light was good. And God separated the light from the darkness.
- QUESTION: Why is light good?
- QUESTION: What is darkness?
- QUESTION: Is darkness inherently bad?
- QUESTION: Why does God make a distinction between light and darkness?
 - Isa 45:7, I form light and create darkness; I make well-being and create calamity; I am the Lord, who does all these things.
- QUESTION: What are the spiritual implications of light vs. darkness?
 - Isa 9:2, The people who walked in darkness have seen a great light; those who dwelt in a land of deep darkness, on them has light shone.

Verse 5, "One Day"

- Gen 1:5, God called the light Day (yom), and the darkness he called Night (laylah). And there was evening and there was morning, the first day ("one day" in the NASB).
- QUESTION: God begins naming things (Day, Night). Why?
 - Naming is a claim to ownership, authority
 - Naming defines roles
- Evening (ereb), means twilight, dusk, night
- Morning (boqer), means dawn, first light, also morrow
- God seems to be emphasizing the period between two days
- A period of "laylah" between one "yom" and another
- This phrase is repeated for each day of creation
 - The first "yom", the second "yom", etc

Verse 5, continued

- QUESTION: What two things are required for a day/night cycle?
- QUESTION: How long was each day of creation?
 - The bible doesn't say!
 - However, outside of Genesis 1, whenever "yom" is used with a number (410 times), it means an ordinary 24-hour day.
 - Even in English, "day" means the light part of the cycle, and "night" means the dark part of the cycle
 - And "a day", or "one day" means the whole 24-hour period
- "Yom" could also mean a period of time (in my dad's day)
- QUESTION: Could the yom in Genesis 1 be millions of years?
 - Why or why not? We'll look at this shortly

Verses 6-8, "A Second Day"

- And God said, "Let there be an <u>expanse</u> in the midst of the <u>waters (mayim)</u>, and let it separate the waters from the waters." 7 And God made the expanse and separated the waters that were under the expanse from the waters that were above the expanse. And it was so. 8 And God called the expanse Heaven. And there was evening and there was morning, the second day.
 - Expanse(ragiya) the idea is a vaulted horizon moving outward
 - Ezekiel 10:1, Then I looked, and behold, on the <u>expanse</u> that was over the heads of the cherubim there appeared above them something like a sapphire, in appearance like a throne
 - The expanse separates the waters of the earth and forms an outer horizon, the "vault of heaven".
 - Firmament? What the ancients believed about the expanse

Verses 6-8, "A Second Day", cont'd



Claudius Ptolemy, born 85 AD

- First postulated that the earth was the center of the universe
- That view stood for 1400 years!
- He wasn't far off
- According to the bible, the entire universe was stretched out from a watery earth as the center-point
- Along came Copernicus, and Galileo to refute geocentricity
- QUESTION: Do science and faith sometimes conflict?

Verses 9-10, "A Third Day"

- And God said, "Let the waters under the heavens be gathered together into one place, and let the dry land appear." And it was so. 10 God called the dry land Earth, and the waters that were gathered together he called Seas. And God saw that it was good.
 - Here God is focusing on the waters <u>under</u> the heavens
 - He gathers them into "one place" to let dry land appear
 - We don't know if land was underneath the water and rose up
 - Or, if some of the water was transformed and became land
 - Peter 3:5, For they deliberately overlook this fact, that the heavens existed long ago, and the earth was formed out of water and through water by the word of God,
 - Earth the land, <u>came from water and by means of water</u>

Verses 11-12, "A Third Day", cont'd

- And God said, "Let the earth sprout vegetation, plants yielding seed, and fruit trees bearing fruit in which is their seed, each according to its kind, on the earth." And it was so. 12 The earth brought forth vegetation, plants yielding seed according to their own kinds, and trees bearing fruit in which is their seed, each according to its kind. And God saw that it was good. 13 And there was evening and there was morning, the third day.
 - "Let the earth sprout". QUESTION: why does He say it this way?
 - Plants: Self-replicating, solar-powered food and oxygen factories
 - God first introduces the idea of "according to [its] kind"
 - Kinds produce their own kind, not a different kind
 - James 3:12, Can a fig tree, my brothers, bear olives, or a grapevine produce figs? Neither can a salt pond yield fresh water.

First Three Days Summary

Day One

- He begins with a formless, empty, water-world
- God spoke light into existence, and separates it from darkness, and He names light and darkness.
- There must be rotation, since we see evening/morning

Day Two

He separates waters and creates the expanse of heaven

Day Three

- He gathers the waters under heaven, dry land appears
- "Let the earth sprout vegetation" according to its kind
- Twice he proclaims, "God saw that it was good"

Verses 14-19, "A Fourth Day"

14 And God said, "Let there be lights in the expanse of the heavens to separate the day from the night. And let them be for signs and for seasons, and for days and years, 15 and let them be lights in the expanse of the heavens to give light upon the earth." And it was so.

16 And God made the two great lights—the greater light to rule the day and the lesser light to rule the night—and the stars. ¹⁷ And God set them in the expanse of the heavens to give light on the earth, ¹⁸ to rule over the day and over the night, and to separate the light from the darkness. And God saw that it was good. ¹⁹ And there was evening and there was morning, the fourth day.

Lights: luminaries QUESTION: Where does God place the lights?

- QUESTION: What does the verse say is their purpose?
 - For signs, and to mark times and seasons. QUESTION: what signs?
 - To give light to the earth. QUESTION: What are the two great lights?
 - To separate light from darkness (notice the common theme)

What are we in a vast universe?



"We are such insignificant creatures on a minor planet of a very average star in the outer suburb of 100 billion galaxies. So, it is difficult to believe in a God who would care about us or even notice our existence."

Carl Sagan said this:

- - "Who are we? We find that we live on an insignificant planet of a humdrum star lost in a galaxy tucked away in some forgotten corner of a universe in which there are far more galaxies than people."
 - "Who is more humble? The scientist who looks at the universe with an open mind and accepts whatever the universe has to teach us, or somebody who says everything in this book must be considered the literal truth and never mind the fallibility of all the human beings involved?"
 - QUESTION: Are the human beings involved in science infallible?

What are we in a vast universe?

King David said this:

- Psalm 8:3-5, When I look at your heavens, the work of your fingers, the moon and the stars, which you have set in place, 4 what is man that you are mindful of him, and the son of man that you care for him? 5 Yet you have made him a little lower than the heavenly beings and crowned him with glory and honor.
- QUESTION: Does David see the same things, but come to a different conclusion than these secular scientists?
- man (nos)- a mortal, not the common name for man Adam
 - From the Hebrew word anas, meaning frail, fragile
- the son of man- an obvious reference to Jesus
- QUESTION: Did Jesus have a mortal body when he was on earth?
- Yet, QUESTION: considering all this, how does God view humanity?

Verses 20-21, "A Fifth Day"

- 20 And God said, "Let the waters <u>swarm</u> with swarms of living creatures, and let birds fly above the earth across the expanse of the heavens." 21 So God created the great sea creatures and every living creature that moves, with which the waters swarm, according to their kinds, and every winged bird according to its kind. And God saw that it was good.
 - God is speaking into existence again
 - Swarm, to wriggle, creep or move
 - Sea creatures and birds are created <u>mature</u>, the same as plants, and the sun, moon and stars
 - This is not "creation with apparent age", as if God is tricking us
 - QUESTION: Which came first, the chicken or the egg?

Verses 22-23, "A Fifth Day", cont'd

22 And God blessed them, saying, "Be fruitful and multiply and fill the waters in the seas, and let birds multiply on the earth." 23 And there was evening and there was morning, the fifth day.

God blesses them. This is an act of adoration and provision
Notice the first inhabitants of the sea and of the earth
Then He gives His first command
Fruitful- to grow and bring forth
Multiply- to increase in number
Fill- to be complete, to finish, to satisfy
QUESTION: How is this different from the tohu/bohu/dark earth?
Another evening/morning cycle and day five is complete

Verses 24-25, "The Sixth Day"

- 24 And God said, "Let the earth bring forth living creatures according to their kinds—livestock and creeping things and beasts of the earth according to their kinds." And it was so.
 25 And God made the beasts of the earth according to their kinds and the livestock according to their kinds, and everything that creeps on the ground according to its kind. And God saw that it was good.
 - God causes the living creatures to come forth from the earth
 - Three broad categories:
 - Livestock, "cattle", Heb: "behema" suitable for domestication
 - "Creeping things", Heb: "remes", reptiles, could also be insects
 - Beasts of the earth Heb: "nephesh chayyah" (living things)
 - Notice focus on "according to its kind", and "that it was good"

A look at "Kinds"

- The bible uses the word "kinds" (min) to describe creatures with similar features
 - This is different from the scientific naming of "species" which focuses on behaviors and habitats
 - Kind is more closely related the scientific "Genus"
 - The Felis Genus includes all cats
 - The Canis Genus includes all dogs
 - Creatures in the same genus can typically interbreed, forming hybrids
 - Through hybridization we get different species, which is defined as creatures in the same genus that have different behaviors
 - However, hybrids are considered to be the same kind by the bible
 - The Cat Kind: lions, tigers, ocelots, bobcats, house cats
 - The Dog Kind: Wolves, foxes, coyotes, great danes and chihuahuas

Verses 26-27, "The Sixth Day" cont'd

- 26 Then God said, "Let us make man in our image (resemblance), after our likeness (model). And let them have dominion over the fish of the sea and over the birds of the heavens and over the livestock and over all the earth and over every creeping thing that creeps on the earth." 27 So God created man in his own image, in the image of God he created him; male and female he created them.
- God is speaking again, notice the words, "us" and "our".
 - Father, Son, and Holy Spirit all involved in creation
 - We are created three-part creatures; body, soul and spirit
 - Whose image and likeness do we bear?
 - The animals belong to us. Who do we belong to?

Verses 26-27, "The Sixth Day" cont'd

- 26 Then God said, "Let us make man in our image (resemblance), after our likeness (model). And let them have dominion over the fish of the sea and over the birds of the heavens and over the livestock and over all the earth and over every creeping thing that creeps on the earth." 27 So God created man in his own image, in the image of God he created him; male and female he created them.
- QUESTION: In what other ways are we made in God's image?
 - Mental likeness (thinking, reasoning, creative thought)
 - Moral likeness (morally self-aware, innate idea of right and wrong)
 - Social likeness (walking with God in the Garden, relationship)
 - Spiritual likeness (unlike any other creature, we are eternal)
- This is the first use of the word "dominion", to steward or manage

What about the dinosaurs?

- QUESTION: When were the dinosaurs created?
- QUESTION: Did dinosaurs live at the same time as man?
 - Behemoth: A huge land creature. Job 40:15-24
 - Behemoth is "behema" in plural form, speaking of a specific animal
 - In other words, the "beast of beasts"
 - God made behemoth, "which I made as I made you (v15)". Day 6!
 - We have huge sauropod fossils
 - Leviathan: A huge water creature. Job 41:1-34
 - 20 Out of his nostrils comes forth smoke, as from a boiling pot and burning rushes. 21 His breath kindles coals, and a flame (flash or gleam) comes forth from his mouth.
 - QUESTION: What common name might you use for this creature?
- QUESTION: Are these only mythical beasts? Would God lie?
- QUESTION: What happened to the dinosaurs? We'll look at this later!

A Sauropod fossil skeleton



A Plesiosaur fossil skeleton



Verses 28, "The Blessing"

- 28 And God blessed them. And God said to them, "Be fruitful and multiply and fill the earth and subdue it, and have dominion over the fish of the sea and over the birds of the heavens and over every living thing that moves on the earth."
- God blesses his creation. An act of adoration and provision.
- QUESTION: Then, what multipart commandments does God speak?
 - Be fruitful (produce good works in abundance)
 - Multiply (procreate)
 - Fill the earth. QUESTION: Is the earth in danger of overpopulation?
 - Subdue it. QUESTION: What does this mean?
 - Have dominion over every living thing. We are his earthly administrators.

Verses 29-30, "The Provision"

- 29 And God said, "Behold, I have given you every plant yielding seed that is on the face of all the earth, and every tree with seed in its fruit. You shall have them for food. 30 And to every beast of the earth and to every bird of the heavens and to everything that creeps on the earth, everything that has the breath of life, I have given every green plant for food." And it was so.
- QUESTION: What was God's original plan for man's nourishment?
- QUESTION: And what food was provided for the animals?
 - What about carnivores, like lions and wild dogs?
- Scientists say that the types of teeth reveal the diet.
 - Consider this prophetic verse: The wolf and the lamb shall graze together; the lion shall eat straw like the ox, and dust shall be the serpent's food. They shall not hurt or destroy in all my holy mountain," says the LORD. (Isa 65:25)







Verse 31, "very good"

- 31 And God saw everything that he had made, and behold, it was very good. And there was evening and there was morning, the sixth day.
- QUESTION: In what way does God describe the close of the sixth day that is different from all other days?
 - Very good, Heb (tob meod) "good, exceedingly"
 - His work is complete.
- QUESTION: Until now, was anything God made not good?
 - Moses also uses a different Hebrew construction for the 6th Day:
 - "A DAY, THE SIXTH". QUESTION: Why?
 - He will also use the same emphatic construction for the 7th Day in the next chapter

Last Three Days Summary

Day Four (luminaries)

- God creates lights in the expanse of heaven
- Sun, Moon, and stars

Day Five (creatures of sea and air)

- God creates the swarms of creatures of the seas
- He also creates the birds of the sky
- Day Six (land creatures, man and woman)
 - God creates livestock, creeping things and beasts
 - He makes man and woman
 - He provides green plants for all to eat
 - God saw that "it was very good"

Concluding...

- In this chapter God created the heavens and the earth, and all that is in them.
- QUESTION: When did God create the heavenly angels?
 - It's not 100% clear from the bible, however...
 - Consider that angels inhabit God's domain (heaven)
 - God and his domain are outside of the created world
 - Time is part of the created world, so they are outside of time
 - Then, there is this verse from Job:
 - Job 38:4-7, 4 Where were you when I laid the foundation of the earth? Tell me, if you have understanding. 5 Who determined its measurements—surely you know! Or who stretched the line upon it? 6 On what were its bases sunk, or who laid its cornerstone, 7 when the morning stars sang together and all the sons of God shouted for joy?

Concluding...

- So, apparently, the angels in heaven were a witness to the creation of the heavens and the earth.
 - When was it?
 - Impossible to answer since time has no meaning in their realm
 - The bible is a message to mankind
 - Apparently, these details are not meant for us
 - Angels probably had a beginning, and are eternal like us
 - Mar 12:25, For when they (we) rise from the dead, they neither marry nor are given in marriage, but are like angels in heaven.
 - Marriage is given for companionship and procreation